



Response Definition, Evaluation and Monitoring

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European LeukemiaNet EVOLVING CONCEPTS IN THE MANAGEMIENT OF CHRONIC MYELOID LEUKEMIA

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VENICE 8 – 9 MAY 2006 Response definition, evaluation and monitoring Michele Baccarani

AGE - ONCOLOGIA MEDICA

COMPLETE HEMATOLOGIC RESPONSE

- PLATELET COUNT <450 x 10⁹/L - WBCC <10 x 10⁹/L
- DIFFERENTIAL WITHOUT IMMATURE GRANULOCYTES (MC,PMC,MB) AND WITH LESS THAN 5% BASOPHILS
- NON-PALPABLE SPLEEN

CHECK EVERY 2 WEEKS UNTIL ACHIEVED AND CONFIRMED, HENCE EVERY 3 MONTHS UNLESS OTHERWISE REQUIRED

CYTOGENETIC RESPONSE BY CONVENTIONAL CYTOGENETICS

COMPLETE PARTIAL MINOR MINNAL NONE

Ph+ 0 Ph+ 1-35% Ph+ 36-65% Ph+ 66-95% Ph+ >95%

CHECK EVERY 6 MONTHS UNTIL A CCgR HAS BEEN ACHIEVED AND CONFIRMED, HENCE EVERY 12 MONTHS

FISH AT BASELINE, HENCE IF MARROW CANNOT BE OBTAINED OR METAPHASES CANNOT BE ANALYZED

MOLECULAR RESPONSE

COMPLETE = BCR-ABL TRANSCRIPTS NON QUANTIFIABLE AND NON DETECTABLE MAJOR = BCR-ABL^{IS} $\leq 0.10^*$

*BCR-ABL to control gene ratio according to the international scale (IS)

CHECK EVERY 3 MONTHS BLOOD 5 - 20 ml

MUTATIONAL ANALYSIS

PRIOR TO TREATMENT ? NO – WE SHOULD STORE THE CELLS FOR INVESTIGATIONAL PURPOSES

DURING TREATMENT ? IN CASE OF FAILURE IN CASE OF SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE IN CASE OF SUSTAINED / CONFIRMED INCREASE OF BCR-ABL TRANSCRIPTS LEVEL

SCIENTIFIC VALUE?

OUTSTANDING

CLINICAL VALUE ?

IT IS REQUIRED TO PLAN TREATMENT CHANGES

TIME	FAILURE	SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE	WARNINGS		
DIAGNOSIS	NA	NA	HIGH RISKDel 9q+		
			- ACA ÎN Ph+		
3 MONTHS	- NO HR	- LESS THAN CHR	CELLS		
6 MONTHS	 LESS THAN CHR Ph+ > 95% 	- Ph+ > 35%			
12 MONTHS	- Ph+ > 35%	- Ph+ 1 - 35%	- MMoLR ^{IS} > 0.10		
18 MONTHS	- Ph+1-35%	- $\mathbf{MMoLR^{IS}} > 0.10$			
ANY TIME	- LOSS OF CHR	- LOSS OF MMoLR	- ANY RISE IN TRANSCIPT LEVEL		
	LOSS OF CCgRMUTATIONS*	- ACA IN Ph+CELLS - MUTATIONS**	- ACA IN Ph+ CELLS		

* HIGH / **LOW LEVEL OF INSENSIVITY TO IMATINIB

CML - DEFINITION OF THE RESPONSE TO IMATINIB

FAILURE - MEANS THAT CONTINUING IMATINIB TREATMENT AT THE CURRENT DOSE IS NO LONGER APPROPRIATE FOR THE PATIENT, WHO WOULD LIKELY BENEFIT MORE FROM OTHER TREATMENTS.

CML - DEFINITION OF THE RESPONSE TO IMATINIB

SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE - MEANS THAT THE PATIENT MAY STILL HAVE A SUBSTANTIAL BENEFIT FROM CONTINUING IMATINIB AT THE CURRENT DOSE, BUT THAT THE LONG-TERM OUTCOME OF THE TREATMENT WOULD NOT LIKELY BE FAVORABLE. THE PATIENT IS ELIGIBLE FOR OTHER TREATMENTS.

CML - DEFINITION OF THE RESPONSE TO IMATINIB

WARNINGS - STANDARD DOSE IMATINIB MAY NOT BE THE BEST CHOICE. THE CASE REQUIRES MORE CAREFUL MONITORING. THE PATIENT MAY BECOME ELIGIBLE FOR OTHER TREATMENTS



3 MONTHS - NO HR (Stable disease / disease progression)

6 MONTHS - NO COMPLETE HR, or - NO CgR (Ph POS > 95%)

12 MONTHS - LESS THAN PARTIAL CgR (Ph POS > 35%)

18 MONTHS - LESS THAN COMPLETE CgR (Ph POS \geq 1 %)

SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE

- **3 MONTHS** LESS THAN COMPLETE HR
- 6 MONTHS LESS THAN PARTIAL CgR (Ph POS > 35%)
- 12 MONTHS LESS THAN COMPLETE CgR (Ph POS \geq 1%)
- **18 MONTHS** LESS THAN MAJOR MOL RESPONSE
(BCR-ABLIS > 0.10)



DIAGNOSIS - HIGH RISK

- DEL 9q +

- ADDITIONAL CHROMOSOME

ABNORMALITIES IN Ph POS CELLS

12 MONTHS - LESS THAN MAJOR MOL RESPONSE $(BCR-ABL^{IS} > 0.10)$

ANY TIMES - ANY RISE IN BCR-ABL TRANSCRIPTS LEVEL

- other chromosome abnormalities in Ph neg cells

	Phase II and Iris Study (2003)	s Italian Studies (2004)	Houste Studie (2003/20	es Studies
Symptoms			none	none
Extramedullary Involvement	none	*	*	*
Spleen	(non spec)	non palp	non palp	non palp
Platelet	< 450	< 450	< 450	140-450
WBCC	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
Myeloblasts/ Promyelocytes	none	none	none	none
Myelocytes/ Metamyelocytes	< 5%	none	none	none
Basophils	< 20%	(normal)	(normal)	(normal)

*Defining accelerated phase or blast crisis

Kantarjian et al, NEJM 2002; 346: 645-652 – O'Brien et al, NEJM 2003; 348: 994-1004 – Rosti et al, Blood 2004: 103; 2284-2290 – Baccarani et al, Blood 2004; 104: 4245-4251 – Cortes et al, Blood 2003; 102: 83-86 – Kantarjian et al, Blood 2004; 103: 2873-2878 – Hehlmann et al, Leukemia 2003; 17: 1529-1537

CYTOGENETIC RESPONSE

6 MONTHS - NONE (Ph+ > 95%) FAILURE - LESS THAN SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE **PARTIAL (Ph+ > 35%) 12 MONTHS** - LESS THAN **PARTIAL (Ph+ > 35\%)** FAILURE - LESS THAN **COMPLETE** (Ph + 1-34 %)SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE **18 MONTHS** - LESS THAN COMPLETE (Ph+1-34%)FAILURE **ANY TIMES** - LOSS OF CCgR FAILURE

MOLECULAR RESPONSE

- 12 MONTHS LESS THAN MAJOR (> 0.10) WARNING
- 18 MONTHS
 LESS THAN

 MAJOR (> 0.10)
 SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE
- ANY TIMES LOSS OF MMoIR SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE
 - ANY RISE IN TRANSCRIPT LEVEL
- WARNING
- MUTATION FAILURE/SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE

LOSS OF CHR LOSS OF CCgR MUTATION FAILURE FAILURE FAILURE/SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE

ADD. CHROMOSOME ABNORMALITIES IN Ph+ CELLS LOSS OF MMolR

SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE

ANY RISE IN BCR-ABL TRANSCRIPTS LEVEL WARNING CHROMOSOME ABNORMALITIES IN Ph NEG CELLS WARNING

TIME	FAILURE	SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE	WARNINGS		
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3 MONTHS	- NO HR	- LESS THAN CHR	CELLS		
5 MONTES	- NU HK	- LESS I HAN CHK			
6 MONTHS	 LESS THAN CHR Ph+ > 95% 	- Ph+ > 35%			
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* HIGH / **LOW LEVEL OF INSENSIVITY TO IMATINIB

MONITORING THE RESPONSE

	3	6	9	12	
*CYTOGENETICS (MARROW)	(X)	X		X	q 6-12 MO
RT-Q-PCR	X	X	X	X	q 3 MO
MUTATIONAL					
ANALYSIS	ONLY IN CASE OF FAILURE, SUBOPTIMAL RESPONSE, OR SUSTAINED – CONFIRMED INCREASE OF BCR-ABL TRANSCRIPTS LEVEL				

*FISH SHOULD BE DONE BEFORE TREATMENT (Del9 q+) AND CAN BE USED DURING TREATMENT IF CONVENTIONAL CYTOGENETICS FAILS OR CANNOT BE OBTAINED

EVOLVING CONCEPTS IN THE MANAGEMENT OF CHRONIC MYELOID LEUKEMIA



RECOMMENDATIONS FROM AN EXPERT PANEL ON BEHALF OF THE EUROPEAN LEUKEMIANET