Standardised protocol for circulating CD34$^+$ cell quantification by flow cytometry using the "Stem-Kit$^{TM}$ CD34$^+$ HPC Enumeration Kit" (Beckman Coulter)

Introduction

About 1-3% of mononuclear bone marrow (BM) cells expressed the CD34 antigen which is a highly glycosylated mucin-like structure. A part from the endothelial progenitors and stromal cells, the majority of the CD34$^+$ cells are haematopoietic stem cells and progenitors capable of reconstituting long-term, multilineage haematopoiesis after myeloablative therapy (ref). Their presence in low number (<5 CD34$^+$/µl) in the peripheral blood (PB) from normal unmobilized subjects demonstrates their continuous circulation under physiological conditions (1). This number could be significantly increased by mobilisation protocols including chemotherapy, G-CSF and CXCR4 antagonist or during some chronic myeloproliferative disorders (CMD). It has been recently shown by G. Barosi (Blood, 2001) that the absolute number of circulating CD34$^+$ cells could help to distinguish the Myelofibrosis with Myeloid Metaplasia (MMM) from other Ph$^+$ CMD and could be considered as a marker of the disease. Furthermore, in this disease, the CD34$^+$ count is strongly associated with the myeloproliferation and predicts evolution toward blast transformation.

Definition of a standardise protocol for CD34$^+$ haematopoietic progenitor (HP) enumeration is mandatory to compare the CD34$^+$ cell count between different laboratories, to follow its evolution during the course of the disease or in multicenter trials. Several guidelines for its measurement by flow cytometry have been proposed (Barnett et al., 1999; Brando et al., 2000; Gratama et al., 2001).

The following protocol, accredited by the European Commission, is based on the ISHAGE (International Society of Hematotherapy and Graft Engineering) sequential gating strategy (Sutherland et al, 1996) recommended in these guidelines.

Principle of HPC quantification by the "Stem-Kit$^{TM}$ CD34$^+$ HPC Enumeration Kit" (Beckman Coulter)

The Stem-Kit Reagents are designed to identify the human HPC using the following criteria: CD34$^+$ cells exhibit low side-angle and low to intermediate forward angle light scatter characteristics of blast cells and express 1) the CD34 antigen, 2) the CD45 antigen with staining intensity characteristic of blast cells (detectable but at lower levels than lymphocytes and monocytes). Exclusion of dead cells from viable ones is achieved using 7-AAD viability dye.

The Stem-Kit$^{TM}$ Reagents from Beckman Coulter (Ref. IM3660) consist of a two-colour fluorescent (CD45-FITC/CD34-PE) murine monoclonal antibody reagent, a two-colour murine fluorescent (CD45-FITC/isoclonic control-PE) reagent to check the non-specific binding of the CD34-PE monoclonal antibody, a nucleic acid viability dye (7-AAD), a lysing reagent (NH$_4$Cl) to lyse red cells and Stem-Count fluorospheres to provide the user with the absolute count determination of the identified CD34$^+$ cells.
Specimen collection and preparation

Blood specimens, collected on anticoagulant, should be analysed as soon as possible and within 12-24 hours maximum. In that case, specimens should be stored at room temperature (18-25°C) before staining.

Prior to sample preparation, ensure that the white blood cell (WBC) concentration is no greater than $30 \times 10^9$ WBC/L; if necessary, dilute the samples with medium (HBSS) to reach an average value of $15 \times 10^9$ WBC/L. Don't forget to record the dilution factor for the calculation of the final CD34$^+$ absolute count.

Procedure for specimen processing and analysis

Perform the tests in duplicate as indicated in the Beckman Coulter instructions. Analysis of the CD34$^+$ rare events follows the sequential and cumulative gating strategy recommended in the "The ISHAGE guidelines for CD34$^+$ cell determination by flow cytometry" (Sutherland et al., 1996).

A manual gating allows the creation of a series of 8 histograms (see the following annexe as an analysis example of an apheresis sample stained with Stem-Kit Reagents): histograms 1-4 are intended to characterize CD34$^+$ HP, histogram 5-7 are intended to monitor parameters that are of importance during the acquisition step and histogram 8 is intended to discriminate and analyse viable events from the nonviable events.

Enumeration of total and viable CD34$^+$ cells is automatically performed by using the stemONE software also provided by Beckman Coulter (Ref. 6418306). The number of CD34$^+$ HP cells is calculated as the average of the region D statistical results for the two replicate samples.

References


ANNEXE (reproduced from StemKit™; Beckman Coulter)

**Histogram 1**
- Histogram 1 displays viable events from region J (see Histogram 8). If not using 7-AAD, Histogram 1 displays all events minus all Stem-Count Fluorospheres (i.e. « -H » see Histogram 5).

**NOTE:**
- Position Region A to include all CD45+ events (leukocytes) while excluding CD45- events. Position Region E to include only lymphocytes (bright CD45, low Side Scatter).
- Region A is intended to serve as an appropriate denominator for viable WBC in the calculation of the percentage of CD34+ HPC. Once the analysis is done, the absolute count of viable leukocytes is given on the statistic printout related to Region A.

**Histogram 2**
- Histogram 2 displays events from region A and J. If not using 7-AAD, Histogram 2 displays events from region A.
- Adjust Region B to surround CD34+ HPC, including CD34+HPC events. The upper limit along the y-axis may be set to include CD34+ events with low to intermediate Side Scatter for CD34+ HPC.

**Histogram 3**
- Histogram 3 displays events from A and B and J. If not using 7-AAD, Histogram 2 displays events from region A and B.
- Adjust Region C to include cells forming a cluster with characteristic CD34+ HPC (i.e. low Side Scatter and low to intermediate CD45 staining). Note the characteristic shape of Region C. It is the cluster of events that determines where Region C is centered. Brightly FITC stained events (platelet aggregates and mature monomyeloid cells) must be excluded in the setting of this region.

**Histogram 4**
- Histogram 4 displays events from A and B and C and J. If not using 7-AAD, Histogram 2 displays events from region A and B and C.
- Lymph / Blast Region D identifies a cluster of events meeting all the fluorescence and light scatter criteria of ISHAGE Guidelines for CD34+ HPC. Note the characteristic shape of Region D. If present, platelet aggregates that stain weakly must be excluded to the left of Region D.
- Once the analysis is complete, the absolute count of viable CD34+ HPC is given on the statistic printout related to the CD34+ StemTrol Control Cells or CD34+ HPC (Region D).
Histogram 5 displays all events.

**NOTE:**
This histogram is useful to visualize the lower limit of CD45 expression within the CD34^+ events.
- Set Quadstat Region I2 to enclose all CD45^+CD34^+ events. Set the left boundary of Quadstat Region I2 to include all IC3D34^+CD45^dim events. Verify on Histogram 1 that the lower limit of Region A includes all CD34^+ events (use Histogram 5 as a guide).
- **Amorphous** Region H is drawn to include all Stem-Count Fluorospheres. Region H must include the last channel of the FL1 Log (on the right) and FL2 Log scales (on the top).
- Set Region K (named "listgate -") to exclude most of the double negative events from the acquisition.

Histogram 6
- Histogram 6 displays events from E and J regions. If not using 7-AAD, Histogram 2 displays events from region E.
- Verify whether the Forward and Side Scatter gain parameters of the flow cytometer are optimally set for the processed sample. If necessary, adjust the Forward Scatter voltage / gain so that the smallest lymphocytes scatter in the middle-left part of the histogram. Adjust the Forward Scatter discriminator to ensure that even the smallest lymphocytes scatter above the discriminator.

Histogram 7
- Histogram 7 displays events from region H.
- Region G encloses the Stem-Count Fluorospheres singlet population. Check that the fluorosphere singlets accumulate homogeneously and constantly over time. Region G can be labeled as sCALs to allow automatic calculation of absolute numbers of CD34^+ HPC. Type the correct assayed concentration of the current lot of Stem-Count Fluorospheres (refer to the next section of this insert or to the instrument manual for further details).

Histogram 8
- Histogram 8 displays events from region A.
- Viable events are included within Region J. The 7-AAD Viability Dye positive events are excluded from Region J.